

# SuMo

## A Mutation Testing Strategy for Solidity Smart Contracts

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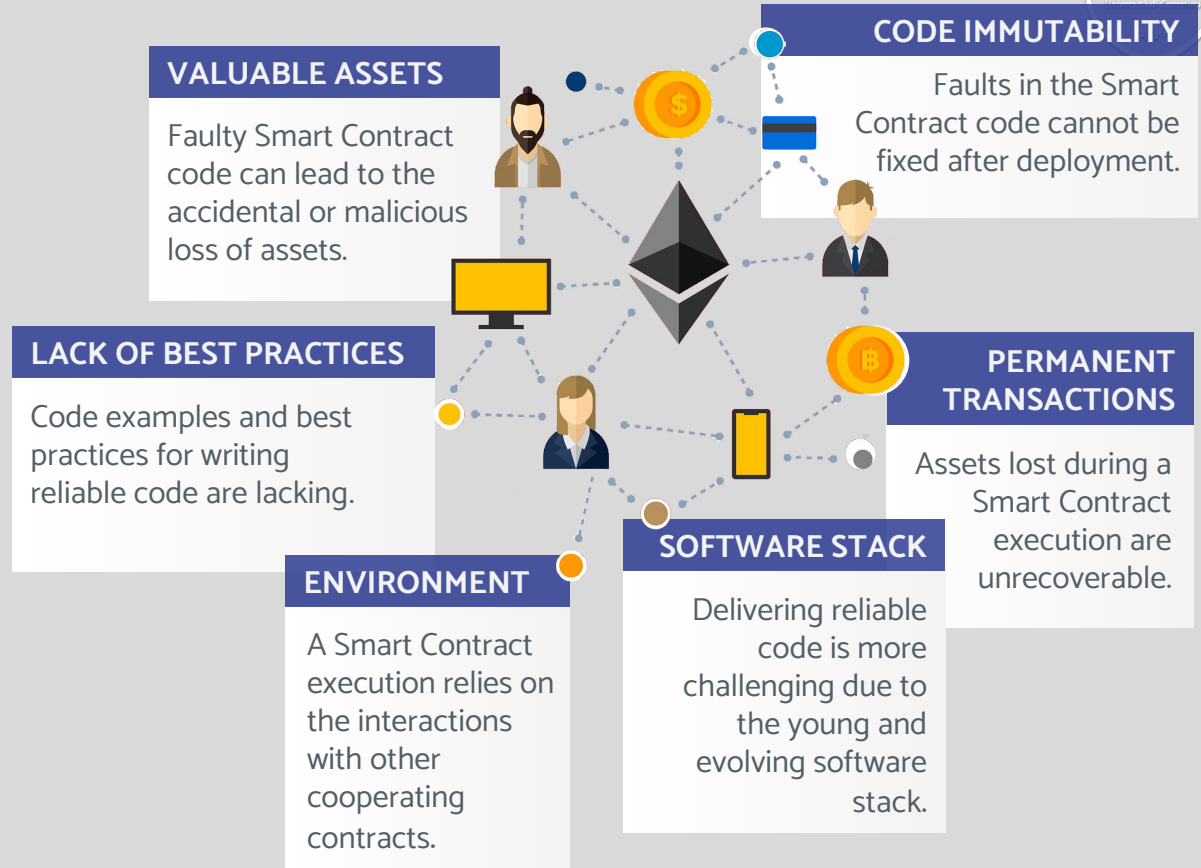
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# QUALITY ASSURANCE FOR SMART CONTRACTS

## WHY SHOULD WE CARE?

- Smart Contracts must comply with high **reliability standards**.
- Developing and testing Smart Contracts present **unique challenges** tied to the blockchain environment.
- The developer community requires tools for **assessing the quality** of their **testing activities**.



# MUTATION TESTING

**Mutation Testing** is a powerful fault-based testing technique.

- Certain elements of the target program are mutated to mimic a typical programming fault
- The fault-injection process aims to:

EVALUATE THE  
ADEQUACY OF THE  
TEST SUITE IN FINDING  
REAL FAULTS



GUIDE THE  
IMPROVEMENT OF THE  
TEST DATA BASED ON  
UNDETECTED FAULTS



# MUTATION TESTING THE PROCESS



## ORIGINAL PROGRAM P

Target of the Mutation Testing process

```
function update(uint price)
private returns(uint) {
    require(price > 0)
    p = price;
    return p;
}
```

## MUTATION OPERATORS

Set of fault injection rules.

Each operator specifies how the code of P should be modified.

BOR

FVR

RSD



## MUTANTS OF P

Mutated versions of the original program.

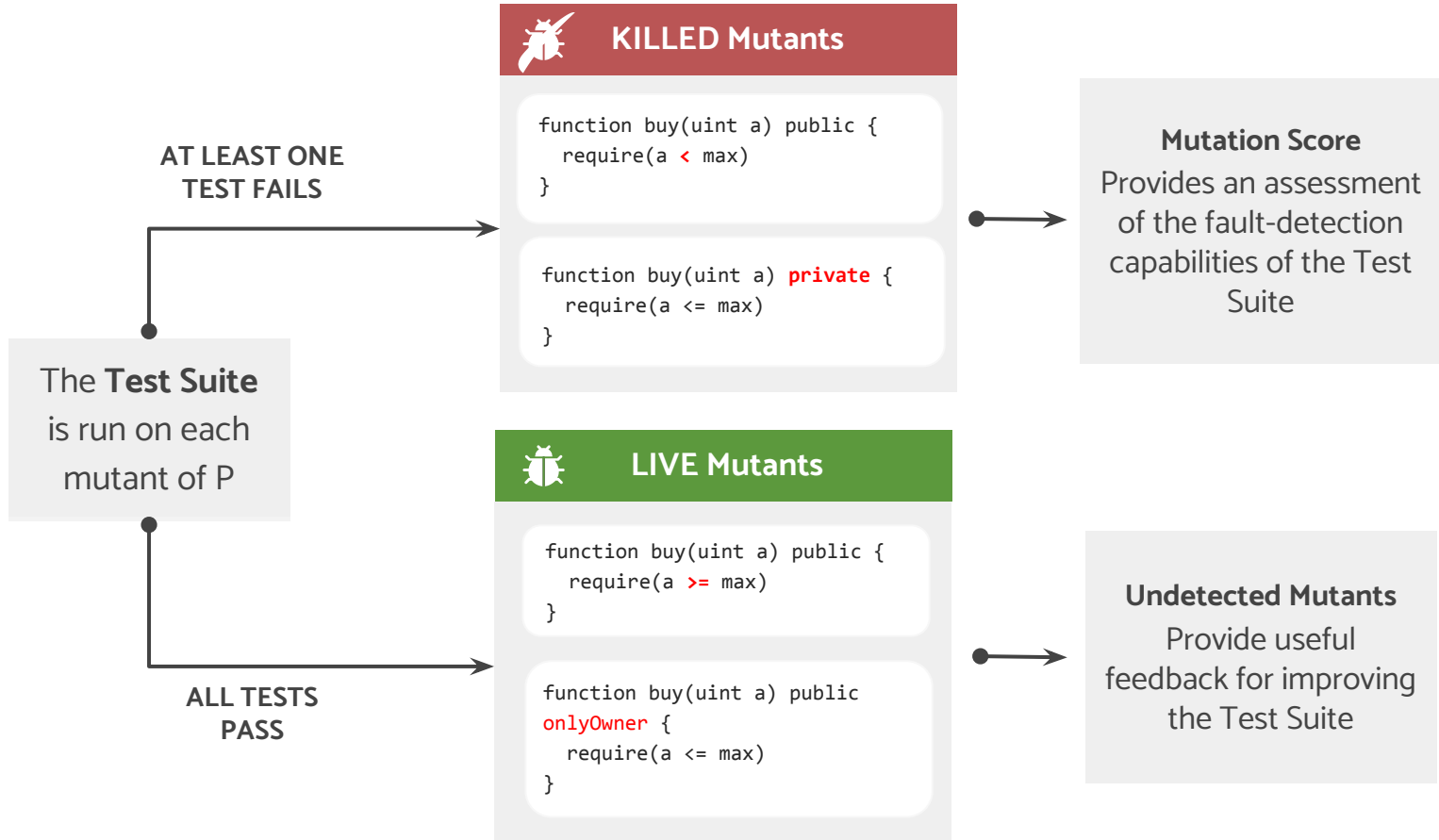
Each Mutant contains a minor change that mimics a common programming fault.

```
function update(uint price) private
returns(uint) {
    require(price >= 0)
    ...
}
```

```
function update(uint price) public
returns(uint) { ... }
```

```
function update(uint price) private
returns(uint) {
    ...
    // return p;
}
```

# MUTATION TESTING THE PROCESS



## 1 LIMITING STILLBORN MUTANTS

**STILLBORN MUTANTS**  
are killed by the compiler

- **SELECTIVE MUTATION**  
We select operators that are empirically found to limit stillborn mutants.
- **MUTATION RULES**  
SuMo collects semantic information during the visit of the AST to improve the efficacy of the mutations.

## 2 LIMITING REDUNDANT MUTANTS

**REDUNDANT MUTANTS**

do not provide new information about the Test Suite quality

- **SELECTIVE MUTATION**  
We select operators that are empirically found to limit redundancy.
- **MUTATION RULES**  
Mutations that are likely to generate redundant mutants are merged.

## 3 CUSTOMIZED MUTATION PROCESS

Testers can select:

- Mutation Operators
- Contract Files

# SuMo MUTATION OPERATORS



Type	Class	Operator ID	Class	Operator ID
<b>Solidity Specific</b>	Address	AVR, SCEC	Functions	PKD, RSD, RVS
	Block and Transaction Properties	GVR, TOR	Function Modifiers	MOC, MOD, MOI, MOR, OMD
	Constructor	CCD	Global Functions	MCR, SFD, SFI
	Data Location	DLR	Libraries	SFR
	Ether Transfer	ETR	Operators	DOD
	Events	EED	Units	VUR
	Exception Handling	EHC	Visibility	FVR, VVR
<b>General</b>	Control	BCRD, CBD, CSC, LSC	Overriding	ORFD, SKD, SKI
	Expressions	AOR, BOR, ICM, UORD	Overloading	ACM, OLFD
	Literals	BLR, HLR, SLR	Types	ECS, ER

SuMo currently implements 44 Mutation Operators

# Implementation





## NodeJS

Lightweight  
Javascript run-time  
environment

## solidity-parser-antlr



Solidity parser for  
Javascript built on top  
of a robust antlr4  
grammar

# SUMO



## Truffle

Popular testing  
framework for Ethereum  
Smart Contracts

## Ganache



Sets up a local Ethereum  
blockchain for deploying  
and testing Smart  
Contracts



<https://github.com/MorenaBarboni/SuMo-SOLIDity-MUtator>

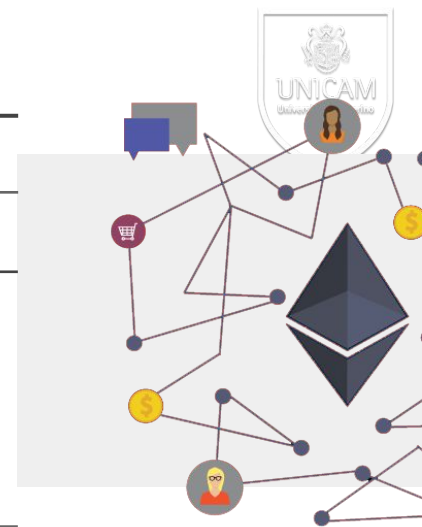
# Validation

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# CASE STUDIES

2 Open-Source  
Ethereum  
dApps

DApp		
Name	Smart Contracts	LOC
<b>ETHER CROWDFUNDING</b>	Crowdfunding Campaign.sol	428
<b>BIONIC EVENT DAPP</b>	Event.sol EventFactory.sol	182



DApp	Test Suite			
	Size	LOC	Stmt. Coverage	Branch Coverage
<b>ETHER CROWDFUNDING</b>	35	902	93.83	71.3
<b>BIONIC EVENT DAPP</b>	25	261	90	65

Shipped with  
high-coverage  
Test Suites

# EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS ( 1/2 )



## Main Findings

**1** The selected applications achieve **low Mutation Scores.**

Test Suites with good coverage values do not ensure code reliability.

**2** The Mutation Score is particularly low for Solidity-specific mutations

Addressing the distinctive mechanisms of the Solidity language is particularly challenging for Smart Contract developers.

**3** SuMo generates a relatively low number of stillborn mutants ( ~ 10% )

Application	Mutation Operators	Mutants		Mutation Score (%)
		Tot.	Stillborn	
ETHER CROWDFUNDING	ALL	681	59	<b>47,7</b>
	SOLIDITY	401	38	<b>28,9</b>
BIONIC EVENT DAPP	ALL	189	29	<b>58,7</b>
	SOLIDITY	148	29	<b>54,7</b>

TABLE V: Experimental Results

## EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS ( 2/2 )



Operators	Mutants			MS (%)
	Tot.	Stillborn	Killed	
ALL	189	29	74	<b>58,7</b>
SOLIDITY	148	29	52	<b>54,7</b>

BIONIC-EVENT-DAPP

Operators	Mutants			MS (%)
	Tot.	Stillborn	Killed	
ALL	172	29	114	<b>86,8</b>
SOLIDITY	136	29	87	<b>85</b>

BIONIC-EVENT-DAPP  
(After the Mutation Analysis)

Analysing the live mutants allowed us to:

- Improve the existing test data and design additional test cases;
- Identify and correct issues in the SUT (Software Under Test);
- Improve the fault-detection capabilities of the provided Test Suite.

# | CONCLUSIONS



- **Mutation Score** is a more reliable indicator of the Test Suite quality
  - Mutation Testing can benefit business-critical programs like Smart Contracts.
- The preliminary validation of **SuMo** provided encouraging results:
  - The faults injected by SuMo were frequently missed by real Test Suites;
  - Mutation analysis is a feasible approach for improving the Mutation Score.
- **SuMo** can help developers to:
  - write higher quality Test Suites
  - deliver more reliable Solidity applications.

**Thank you for your attention!**